# House File 2304 - Introduced

		HOUSE FILE BY FORD
	Pas	ssed House, Date Passed Senate, Date
	Vot	ce: Ayes Nays Vote: Ayes Nays
		Approved
		A BILL FOR
2 3 4 5 6	BE TLS da/	Act relating to farmland preservation, by providing tax credits and restrictions on the uses of farmland eligible for tax credits, and providing penalties. IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: BB 6026HH 82 (rj/8
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1 1 1 1 1	3 4 5 6	2007, is amended to read as follows:  f. If A disclosure statement, if the damages are to be paid by the state and the land to be condemned is within an agricultural area as provided in chapter 352, a eligible farmland which is subject to a farmland preservation agreement
1		or located in an area zoned for exclusive agricultural use
1		under a certified county or city ordinance as provided in chapter 467A. The disclosure statement disclosing shall
1	10	specify whether any of that land is classified as class I or
		class II land under the United States department of
		agriculture natural resources conservation service land capability classification system contained in the agriculture
		handbook number 210, 1961 edition and, if so classified,
1	15	stating that the class I or class II land is reasonably
		necessary for the work of internal improvement for which
	18	condemnation is sought. Sec. 2. Section 331.304A, subsection 2, Code 2007, is
		amended to read as follows:
	20	2. a. A Except as provided in paragraph "b", a county
		shall not adopt or enforce county legislation regulating a
		condition or activity occurring on land used for the production, care, feeding, or housing of animals unless the
		regulation of the production, care, feeding, or housing of
1	25	animals is expressly authorized by state law. County
1	26	legislation adopted in violation of this section is void and unenforceable and any enforcement activity conducted in
		violation of this section is void. A condition or activity
		occurring on land used for the production, care, feeding, or
1	30	housing of animals includes but is not limited to the
1 1	31	construction, operation, or management of an animal feeding operation, an animal feeding operation structure, or aerobic
1		structure, and to the storage, handling, or application of
1		manure or egg washwater.
1	35	b. A county may zone areas for exclusive agricultural use
<u>2</u>		under a certified county or city ordinance as provided in chapter 467A, subchapter V.
2	3	Sec. 3. Section 335.2, Code 2007, is amended to read as
2		follows:
2	5	335.2 FARMS EXEMPT.
$\frac{2}{2}$	6 <del>7</del> -	1. Except to the extent required to implement section 335.27, no as provided in subsection 2, an ordinance adopted
2		under this chapter applies shall not apply to land, farm
2		houses, farm barns, farm outbuildings or other buildings or
2 2		structures which are primarily adapted, by reason of nature and area, for use for agricultural purposes, while so used.
2	12	2. However, the ordinances An ordinance may apply to
2	13	implement a provision in section 335.27 or chapter 467A,
2	14	<u>subchapter V. An ordinance</u> may apply to any structure,
		building, dam, obstruction, deposit or excavation in or on the flood plains of any river or stream.
	17	Sec. 4. Section 352.9, Code 2007, is amended to read as
2	18	follows:
2	19	352.9 WITHDRAWAL.

2 20 An owner may withdraw from an agricultural area by 21 doing any of the following: <u>a.</u> At any time after three years from the date of creation 2 23 of an agricultural area, an owner may withdraw from an 2 24 agricultural area by filing by filing a request with the 2 25 county board a request for withdrawal containing of 26 supervisors. The request shall include a legal description of 2 27 the land to be withdrawn and a statement of the reasons for 2 28 the withdrawal. The <del>county</del> board shall, within sixty days of 2 29 receipt of the request, approve or deny the request for 2 30 withdrawal. b. At any time after six years from the date of creation 2 31 2 32 of an agricultural area, an owner may withdraw from an 2 33 agricultural area by filing by filing a demand with the county 2 34 board of supervisors. The demand shall include a notice of <del>35 withdrawal containing a</del> legal description of the land to be 1 withdrawn. c. At any time by filing a demand with the county board of 3 supervisors stating that the land within the agricultural area 4 is subject to a farmland preservation agreement or is zoned 5 for exclusive agricultural use under a certified county or 6 city ordinance as provided in chapter 467A. The demand shall 7 include a copy of any farmland preservation agreement executed 8 by the parties pursuant to section 467A.405.
9 2. The board of supervisors shall cause the description of 3 10 that agricultural area filed with the county auditor and 3 11 recording officer in the county to be modified to reflect any 3 12 withdrawal. Withdrawal shall be effective on the date of 3 13 recording. The agricultural area from which the land is 3 14 withdrawn shall continue in existence even if smaller than 3 15 three hundred acres after withdrawal.
3 16 Sec. 5. Section 368.11, subsection 3, Code 2007, is 3 17 amended by adding the following new paragraph: 3 18 <u>NEW PARAGRAPH</u>. o. Whether the land is subject to a 3 19 farmland preservation agreement as provided in chapter 467A, 3 20 subchapter IV, or located in an area zoned for exclusive 3 21 agricultural use under a certified county or city ordinance as 3 22 provided in chapter 467A, subchapter V. 3 23 Sec. 6. Section 368.17, Code 2007, is amended by adding 3 24 the following new subsection: 25 NEW SUBSECTION. 8. A use which is inconsistent with a use 26 as provided in a farmland preservation agreement or a use 3 27 within an area zoned for exclusive agricultural use under a 3 28 certified county or city ordinance as provided in chapter 3 29 467A, subchapter V. 3 30 Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 368.27 ANNEXATION OF CERTAIN
3 31 PROPERTY == COMPLIANCE WITH FARMLAND PRESERVATION AGREEMENTS 32 AND ORDINANCES. 3 33 This section applies to a city ordinance or regulation that 34 purports to regulate farmland which has been annexed by a city 3 35 under this chapter. The city ordinance or regulation shall not regulate an 1. 2 agricultural use occurring on farmland covered by a farmland 4 3 preservation agreement executed pursuant to section 467A.405 4 and shall not regulate a person who owns and operates such 5 eligible farmland for the duration of the farmland 4 4 6 preservation agreement as provided in chapter 467A, subchapter IV. The regulation is unenforceable against the eligible farmland or the owner of the eligible farmland. 8 2. The city ordinance or regulation shall not regulate an 4 10 agricultural use within an area zoned for exclusive 4 11 agricultural use under a certified county or city ordinance as 4 12 provided in chapter 467A, subchapter V. The regulation is 4 13 unenforceable against the farmland or the owner of the 4 14 farmland. 4 15 Sec. 8. Section 414.2, Code 2007, is amended to read as 4 16 follows: 4 17 414.2 DISTRICTS. For any or all of said purposes the local legislative body, 4 18 4 19 hereinafter referred to as the council, may divide the city 4 20 into districts, including historical preservation districts 21 but only as provided in section 303.34, of such number, shape, 4 22 and area as may be deemed best suited to carry out the 23 purposes of this chapter; and within such districts it may 4 24 regulate and restrict the erection, construction, 4 25 reconstruction, alteration, repair, or use of buildings, 4 26 structures, or land. All such regulations and restrictions 27 shall be uniform for each class or kind of buildings 4 28 throughout each district, but the regulations in one district 4 29 may differ from those in other districts. The council shall 30 establish districts for exclusively agricultural uses as

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provided in chapter 467A, subchapter V
Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 422.11V FARI
                                   422.11V FARMLAND PRESERVATION TAX
4 33 CREDIT.
4 34 The taxes imposed under this division, less the credits 4 35 allowed under sections 422.12 and 422.12B, shall be reduced by
     a farmland preservation tax credit as allowed under chapter
   2 467.
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         Sec. 10. Section 422.33, Code Supplement 2007, is amended
   4 by adding the following new subsection:
        NEW SUBSECTION. 25. The taxes imposed under this division
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     shall be reduced by a farmland preservation tax credit as
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   6
     allowed under chapter 467.
         Sec. 11. <u>NEW SECTION</u>.
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                                    467.1 PURPOSE.
         The purpose of this chapter is to provide a tax credit to
5 10 owners of farmland which is subject to agricultural use
5 11 restrictions as provided in chapter 467A.
         Sec. 12. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467.2 DEFINITIONS.
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         As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
5 14 requires:
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         1.
             "Agricultural use" means the same as defined in section
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 16 467A.101.
         2. "Farmland" means the same as defined in section 352.2.
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             "Federal agricultural program" means the same as
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         3.
5 19 defined in section 467A.101.
         4. "Gross farm profits" means gross receipts, excluding
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5 21 rent, from agricultural use, including the fair market value
  22 at the time of disposition of payments in kind for placing
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  23 land in federal programs or payments from federal agricultural
5 24 programs, less the cost or other basis of livestock or other
5 25 items purchased for resale which are sold or otherwise
  26 disposed of during the taxable year.
27 5. "Household" means an individual and the individual's
 28 spouse and all minor dependents.
  29 6. "Household income" means all of the income of an 30 individual and the individual's spouse and the farm income,
5 31 including wages, earned on the farm to which the credit
  32 applies of all minor dependents attributable to the taxable
  33 year while members of the household.
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              "Owner" means the same as defined in section 467A.101.
             "Tax credit" means the farmland preservation tax credit
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         8.
   1 allowed in this chapter.
2 Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>.
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                                    467.3 ELIGIBILITY == CLAIMANT.
         1. A person may claim the farmland preservation tax credit
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   4 as follows:
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             The person must be an owner of farmland who is an
   6 individual or partnership or a family farm corporation, family
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     farm limited liability company, family farm limited
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     partnership, or family trust, as defined in section 9H.1.
b. The person who is an individual must be domiciled in
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 10 this state during the entire tax year for which the tax credit
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  11 is claimed, except as follows:
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         (1)
             When two or more individuals of a household are able
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6 13 to qualify individually as a claimant, they may determine 6 14 between them who is the claimant. If they are unable to 6 15 agree, the issue shall be resolved by rules adopted by the 6 16 department.

(2) If a person may claim a family farm tax credit under 6 18 chapter 425A, the person and all individuals from that 6 19 person's household are ineligible to claim a tax credit under 6 20 this chapter for the tax year to which the family farm tax 6 21 credit under chapter 425A pertains. 6 22 2. If the person is a partnership, S corporation, limited

6 23 liability company, cooperative organized under chapter 501 and 24 filing as a partnership for federal tax purposes, estate, or 6 25 trust electing to have the income taxed directly to the 6 26 individual, an individual may claim the tax credit allowed. 27 The amount claimed by the individual shall be based upon the 28 pro rata share of the individual's earnings of the 29 partnership, S corporation, limited liability company, 30 cooperative organized under chapter 501 and filing as a 31 partnership for federal tax purposes, estate, or trust. 32 percentage shall be determined as provided in section 15.335A. 6 33 "Claimant" does not include the estate of a person who is a 34 nonresident of this state on the person's date of death, a 35 trust created by a nonresident person, a trust which receives 1 real property located in this state from a nonresident person 2 or a trust in which a nonresident settlor retains a beneficial 3 interest.

3. When the farmland is subject to a real estate contract, the claimant is the vendee under the real estate contract.

Sec. 14. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467.4 FARMLAND.

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The tax credit must apply to at least thirty=five or more 8 acres of farmland in this state. The farmland must be subject 9 to a farmland preservation agreement or be an acre zoned for 7 10 exclusive agricultural use as provided in section 467A.403. 7 11 The farmland must be owned by the claimant during the taxable 7 12 year for which the tax credit is claimed. In addition, any of 13 the following must apply:

1. During the taxable year for which the tax credit is 7 15 claimed, the farmland must have produced not less than six  $7\ 16\ \text{thousand dollars}$  in gross farm profits resulting from the

farmland's agricultural use.

2. During the taxable year for which the tax credit is 7 19 claimed, and the two years immediately preceding that year, 20 the farmland must have produced not less than eighteen thousand dollars in gross farm profits resulting from the 7 22 farmland's agricultural use.

3. During the taxable year for which the tax credit is 24 claimed, or any part of that year, at least thirty=five acres 25 of the farmland was enrolled in the conservation reserve

26 program under 16 U.S.C. } 3831==3835A.

NEW SECTION. 467.5 Sec. 15. CLAIMS == SUPPORTING

7 28 DOCUMENTATION. 7 29

8 24 under the ordinance.

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- A claimant must supply to the department supporting 30 documentation as required by the department which may include 31 any of the following:
- 1. A statement of the property taxes due on the farmland 33 for which the claim is made.
- 2. A certification by the claimant that all property taxes 35 owed by the claimant on the property for which the claim is made for the year before the year for which the claim is made 2 have been paid.
- 3. The portion of the farmland subject to the claim is 4 covered by the farmland preservation agreement or within the area zoned for an exclusive agricultural use.
  - 4. A statement by the claimant swearing one of the following:
- a. If the farmland subject to the claim is covered by a farmland preservation agreement, a statement that the farmland 8 10 complies with all requirements of the farmland preservation 8 11 agreement. The claimant shall attach a copy of the farmland 8 12 preservation agreement executed by the owner or the owner's 8 13 predecessor in interest. However, if the claimant has 8 14 submitted a farmland preservation agreement in a previous year  $8\ 15$  and the claimant determines that the conditions described 8 16 under that agreement have not changed, the claimant may 8 17 certify that such conditions have not changed. In that case, 8 18 the claimant is not required to submit a copy of the agreement 19 otherwise required by the department. The claimant shall 8 20 swear that each structure built on the farmland or improvement 8 21 made to the farmland conforms to the requirements of the 22 farmland preservation agreement, and, if applicable, any 23 requirements of an agricultural use ordinance or an exception
- b. If the farmland subject to the claim is located within 26 an area which is subject to an exclusive agricultural zoning 8 27 ordinance certified as provided in chapter 467A, subchapter V, 8 28 a statement that the farmland complies with all requirements 29 of the ordinance. The claimant shall attach a certificate 30 issued by the appropriate local government stating that the 31 farmland is located within the district. However, if the 32 claimant has obtained a certificate of the appropriate zoning 33 authority to file a claim for a previous year and the claimant 34 determines that the conditions described under that claim 35 caused the authority to issue the previous certificate have 1 not changed, the claimant may certify that such conditions 2 have not changed. In that case, the claimant is not required 3 to submit a certificate of the zoning authority unless 4 otherwise required by the department.
  - With a claim for a tax credit relating to property 6 which is sold during the tax year of the levy, the seller shall submit a copy of the closing agreement and the buyer shall submit a copy of the closing agreement and a copy of the 9 property tax bill.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. 467.6 CLAIMS == INELIGIBILITY.

A claim is ineligible if any of the following apply:

The claim is not filed with the department in 13 conformity with filing requirements of this chapter or rules 9 14 adopted by the department.

2. The property taxes accrued on farmland zoned for 16 exclusive agricultural use under chapter 467A, subchapter V, 9 17 is granted a special exception or conditional use permit for a 9 18 use which is not an agricultural use.

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3. The ownership of the farmland has been transferred to 9 20 the claimant primarily for the purpose of maximizing benefits 9 21 under this chapter.

Sec. 17. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467.7 TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION == 9 23 PROPERTY TAX ACCRUED.

For purposes of the tax credit provided under this chapter, 25 property taxes on farmland are accrued by referring to the 26 property taxes, exclusive of special assessments and 9 27 delinquent interest, levied on the farmland and improvements 9 28 owned by the claimant or any member of the claimant's 9 29 household in any tax year.

Sec. 18. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467.8 TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION == 31 EXCESSIVE PROPERTY TAXES.

The amount of the farmland preservation tax credit that a 33 claimant may file in the claimant's tax year shall be based on 34 excessive property taxes accrued on the farmland in the 35 preceding tax year as provided in section 467.7. The an The amount of excessive property taxes shall be computed by subtracting from the property taxes accrued the following amounts:

- 1. Seven percent of the second five thousand dollars of 4 household income.
  - 2. Nine percent of the third five thousand dollars of household income.
  - 3. Eleven percent of the fourth five thousand dollars of household income.
- 4. Seventeen percent of the fifth five thousand dollars of 10 10 household income.
  - 5. Twenty=seven percent of the sixth five thousand dollars of household income.
- 6. Thirty=seven percent of the household income in excess 10 14 of thirty thousand dollars. The maximum excessive property 10 15 tax which may be utilized in a single tax year is six thousand 10 16 dollars. 10 17 Sec.
- Sec. 19. TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION == NEW SECTION. 467.9 10 18 BASE AMOUNT.
  - 1. The tax credit allowed under this chapter shall be limited to the base amount which is the sum of the following:
- a. Ninety percent of the first two thousand dollars of 10 22 excessive property taxes accrued on the farmland.
  - b. Seventy percent of the second two thousand dollars of excessive property taxes accrued on the farmland.
  - c. Fifty percent of the third two thousand dollars of excessive property taxes accrued on the farmland.
    2. a. Subject to paragraph "b", the tax credit for any
- 10 28 claimant shall be the greater amount as calculated under this section on any of the following dates:
  - (1) The date at the end of the tax year in which the tax credit is allowed for which the claim is filed.
- (2) The date on which the farmland became subject to a 10 33 farmland preservation agreement as provided in chapter 467A, 10 34 subchapter IV, or was incorporated within the boundaries of an 10 35 area zoned for exclusive agricultural use under a certified 1 county or city ordinance as provided in chapter 467A, subchapter V.
  - b. The maximum tax credit allowed under this section shall not exceed four thousand two hundred dollars for any claimant. Sec. 20. NEW SECTION. 467.10 TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION == APPLICATION.
  - A person may claim a farmland preservation tax credit under any of the following:
- 1. If farmland is located in a county which has adopted an 9 11 10 agricultural preservation plan certified as provided in chapter 467A, subchapter III, at the close of the tax year for 11 11 11 12 which the tax credit is claimed, and the farmland is covered 11 13 by a farmland preservation agreement as provided in chapter 11 14 467A, subchapter IV, at the close of such tax year, the amount 11 15 of the claim shall be eighty percent of the base amount 11 16 specified in section 467.9. For that part of the farmland 11 17 that is classified as a transition area the amount of the 11 18 claim shall be seventy=five percent of the base amount 11 19 specified in section 467.9.
- 2. Regardless of whether farmland is located in a county 11 20 11 21 which has adopted an agricultural preservation plan certified 22 as provided in chapter 467A, subchapter III, at the close of 11 23 the tax year for which the tax credit is claimed, if the 11 24 farmland is located in an area zoned for exclusive 11 25 agricultural use by a county or city as provided in chapter 11 26 467A, subchapter V, at the close of such tax year, the amount 11 27 of the claim shall be one hundred percent of the base amount

11 28 specified in section 467.9.

11 29 SUBCHAPTER I 11 30 GENERAL

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Sec. 21. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. DEFINITIONS. 467A.101

11 32 As use 11 33 requires: As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise

- 11 34 1. "Agricultural production" means the same as defined in 11 35 section 717A.1.
  - 2. "Agricultural use" means a use associated with 2 agricultural production, including but not limited to maintaining crops or agricultural animals on the farmland. "Agricultural use" includes participating in a federal agricultural program.
    - 3. "Commission" means a county farmland preservation
    - commission created pursuant to section 467A.203.

      4. "Department" means the department of agriculture and land stewardship.
    - 5. "Develop" means change to any use other than agricultural use.
- 6. "Devoted primarily to agricultural use" means an 12 13 agricultural use practiced for at least twelve consecutive 12 14 months during the preceding thirty=six month period.
  - 7. "Eligible farmland" means farmland which meets the requirements of section 467A.401.
- 12 17 8. "Farm family business" means any lawful activity, 12 18 except an activity for agricultural production, which is
- 12 19 conducted primarily for any of the following: 12 20 a. The purchase, sale, lease, or rental of personal or 12 21 real property.
- b. The manufacture, processing, or marketing of products, 12 23 commodities, or any other personal property. 12 24 c. The sale of services. 12 25 d. "Farmland" means the same as defined

  - "Farmland" means the same as defined in section 352.2. d.
- "Federal agricultural program" means a program 9. 12 27 administered by an agency of the federal government in which a 12 28 person receives monetary payments or payments in kind for 12 29 engaging in or refraining from engaging in agricultural 12 30 production, including by enrolling at least thirty=five acres 12 31 in the conservation reserve program under 16 U.S.C. } 3831 et 12 32 seq.
- 10. "Farmland preservation agreement" means a restrictive 12 34 covenant, evidenced by an instrument in which the owner of the 12 35 land and the state agree to hold jointly the right to develop 1 eligible farmland except as may be expressly reserved in the instrument and which contains a covenant running with the 3 land, for a term of years, not to develop except as expressly 4 reserved in the instrument.
- "Gross farm profits" means gross receipts, excluding 11. 6 rent, from an agricultural use, including the fair market 7 value at the time of disposition of payments for placing land 8 in federal agricultural programs, less the cost or other basis 9 of agricultural animals or other items purchased for resale 13 10 which are sold or otherwise disposed of during the taxable 13 11 year.
  - 12.
- "Local government" means a county or city.
  "Local government filing officer" means an official 13 14 designated by a local government to receive and deliver 13 15 documents required to be filed or recorded under this chapter.
- 13 16 14. "Local government having jurisdiction" means the city 13 17 council, if that body has adopted a certified ordinance under 13 18 subchapter V, or the county board of supervisors where such a 13 19 city ordinance is not in effect.
  13 20 15. "Owner" means any of the following:
- An individual who holds the fee simple title to the a. 13 22 eligible farmland.
- b. An individual who owns the eliqible farmland under a 13 24 contract of purchase which has been recorded in the office of 13 25 the county recorder of the county in which the farmland is 13 26 located.
- c. An individual who owns the eligible farmland under 13 28 devise or by operation of the inheritance laws, where the 13 29 whole interest passes or where the divided interest is shared 13 30 only by individuals related or formerly related to each other 13 31 by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- d. An individual who owns the eligible farmland under a 13 32 13 33 deed which conveys a divided interest, where the divided 13 34 interest is shared only by individuals related or formerly 13 35 related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- e. A partnership where all partners are related or formerly related to each other by blood, marriage, or 14 14 2 14 3 adoption.
  - f. A family farm entity which is a family farm

14 corporation, family farm limited liability company, family farm limited partnership, or family trust, as defined in 14 6 14 section 9H.1.

- "State agency" means the same as defined in section 16. 8A.101.
- 14 10 17. "Use consistent with agricultural use" means any activity on land that is devoted primarily to agricultural use, that meets all of the following conditions: 14 11 14 12
  - a. Does not convert the land to another use.

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- b. Does not limit the surrounding land's potential for agricultural use.
- c. Does not conflict with agricultural production on land subject to a farmland preservation agreement.
- Does not conflict with agricultural production on d. adjoining land.

### SUBCHAPTER II ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 22. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.201 INTERAGENCY COOPERATION 14 23 == REGISTRATION.

1. All state agencies shall cooperate with the department 14 25 and local governments in the exchange of information concerning projects and activities, including takings under the power of eminent domain as provided in chapters 6A and 6B, 14 28 which might jeopardize the preservation of farmland.

2. The department shall periodically advise other state 14 30 agencies of the location and description of land upon which there exists a farmland preservation agreement or zoning for exclusively agricultural use.

3. State agencies shall administer their planning and 14 34 projects consistent with the purposes of this chapter.

4. A state agency interested in participating in this chapter shall register with the department in a manner and 2 according to procedures required by the department. The 3 department of revenue, the state department of transportation, the department of economic development, and the department of 5 natural resources shall be deemed to be interested state 6 agencies.

NEW SECTION. 467A.202 FARMLAND PRESERVATION Sec. 23. 8 COUNCIL.

A farmland preservation council is created within the 15 10 department in order to advise the department regarding its 15 11 administration of this chapter and to assist other state 15 12 agencies and local governments in complying with the 15 13 provisions of this chapter.

1. The members of the farmland preservation council shall 15 15 include all of the following:

- a. The secretary of agriculture, or the secretary's
- 15 17 designee, who shall serve as chairperson.
  15 18 b. The director of the department of natural resources or the director's designee.
  - c. The dean of the college of agriculture at Iowa state university, or the dean's designee.
- d. The following members who shall be appointed by the 15 23 governor:
- (1) Three members of three different county farmland 15 25 preservation commissions.
- (2) Five persons who are interested in issues affecting 15 27 farmland p 15 28 following: farmland preservation and development, including all of the
- (a) A resident of a city with a population of fifty 15 30 thousand or more.
- Three persons actively engaged in agricultural (b) 15 32 production, including row crop farming and animal agriculture.
- (c) A person associated with a nonprofit corporation 15 34 involved in protecting natural resources, including scenic or 15 35 open space, and maintaining or enhancing air or water quality.
  - e. The council shall invite two officials from the United States department of agriculture to serve as ex officio, nonvoting members, including a person associated with the 4 natural resources conservation service and a person associated 5 with the farm service agency.
    - Governor appointments shall be subject to all of the following requirements:
  - a. Sections 69.16 and 69.16A shall apply and the 8
- appointments shall be geographically balanced.

  b. The appointees shall be confirmed by the senate, 16 10 16 11 pursuant to section 2.32.
- c. Members shall serve five=year staggered terms beginning 16 12 16 13 and ending as provided in section 69.19. The governor shall 16 14 appoint initial members to serve for less than five years to 16 15 ensure members serve staggered terms. A member is eligible

16 16 for reappointment. A vacancy on the council shall be filled 16 17 for the unexpired portion of the regular term in the same

16 18 manner as regular appointments are made. 16 19 3. The council shall meet on a regul The council shall meet on a regular basis and at the 16 20 call of the chairperson or upon the written request to the 16 21 chairperson of five or more members. Members are not entitled 16 22 to receive compensation but shall receive reimbursement of 16 23 expenses from the department as provided in section 7E.6. expenses from the department as provided in section 7E.6.

4. Six members constitute a quorum and the affirmative 16 25 vote of a majority of the members present is necessary for any 16 26 substantive action to be taken by the council. The majority 16 27 shall not include any member who has a conflict of interest The majority 16 28 and a statement by a member that the member has a conflict of 16 29 interest is conclusive for this purpose. A vacancy in the 16 30 membership does not impair the duties of the council.

Sec. 24. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.203 COUNTY FARMLAND

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16 32 PRESERVATION COMMISSIONS. 16 33 In each county a farm In each county a farmland preservation commission is 16 34 created to administer this chapter as provided in this 16 35 chapter.

> 1. A farmland preservation commission is composed of the following members:

a. One member appointed by and from the county 4 agricultural extension council.

- b. Two members appointed by the district soil and water conservation commissioners, one of whom must be a member of the district soil and water conservation board of commissioners and one of whom must be a person who is not a commissioner, but is actively engaging in agricultural 17 10 production in the county.
  - c. One member appointed by the board of supervisors from the residents of the county
- 17 13 d. One member appointed by and from a convention of the 17 14 members of city councils of the county. However, if a city 17 15 contains more than fifty percent of the population of a 17 16 county, that city shall not participate in the convention of 17 17 city council members. That city shall appoint its own member. 17 18 e. One member appointed by the board of supervisors from

17 19 the residents of the county who is actively engaged in

17 20 agricultural production.

- 17 21 2. The county commission shall meet and organize by the 17 22 election of a chairperson and vice chairperson from among its 17 23 members. A majority of the members of the county commission 17 24 constitutes a quorum, and the affirmative vote of a quorum is 17 25 necessary for any action taken by the commission, except that 17 26 a lesser number may adjourn a meeting.
- 3. The Iowa state university agricultural extension 17 28 service shall provide county commissions with technical, 17 29 informational, and clerical assistance.
- 4. A vacancy in the county commission shall be filled in 17 31 the same manner as the appointment of the member whose 17 32 position is vacant. The term of a county commissioner is four 17 33 years. However, for the initial appointments to the county 17 34 commission, the members appointed under subsection 1, 17 35 paragraphs "a" and "b", shall be appointed to terms of 18 1 years. Members may be appointed to succeed themselves.

Sec. 25. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.204 RULEMAKING. The department shall adopt rules under chapter 17A as is necessary to administer this chapter.

Sec. 26. NEW SECTION. 467A.205 CONTESTED CASE

PROCEEDINGS.

An applicant for a farmland preservation agreement or a local government may contest the department's decision by requesting a hearing conducted before an administrative law 18 10 If the applicant and a local judge pursuant to chapter 17A. 18 11 government are both contesting the department's decision, the 18 12 applicant may request that the department conduct the hearing 18 13 on a consolidated basis. The department shall hear the case 18 14 according to procedures established by rules adopted by the 18 15 department in conformance with chapter 17A. The department 18 16 shall render a decision within thirty=five days from the date 18 17 that the applicant or local government files a demand for a 18 18 hearing. Judicial review of the department's decision may be 18 19 sought in accordance with the terms of chapter 17A.

18 20 Sec. 27. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.206 PROPERTY TAXATION AND 18 21 EXEMPTION FROM SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.

18 22 This chapter does not affect the value of farmland 18 23 covered by a farmland preservation agreement and such farmland 18 24 shall not be exempt from general property taxation. 18 25

2. a. A local government shall not impose a special 18 26 assessment under title IX, on any of the following:

18 27 (1) Land covered by a farmland preservation agreement 18 28 under this chapter, unless the assessment was imposed prior to 18 29 the recording of the farmland preservation agreement.

(2) Land which is exclusively zoned for an agricultural 18 31 use under this chapter, unless the assessment was imposed 18 32 prior to the land being zoned exclusively for agricultural 18 33 use.

This subsection does not apply to an assessment imposed 18 35 as provided in chapter 468. Land is not subject to a special assessment as provided in this subsection as long as the land is subject to a farmland preservation agreement or zoned for 3 exclusively agricultural use. The owner of the land is not 4 entitled to any benefit conferred by the special assessment, 5 unless the owner has paid the amount that would have been paid 6 had the land been subject to the special assessment.

SUBCHAPTER III AGRICULTURAL PLANNING PART A **GENERAL** 

Sec. 28. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.301 PRELIMINARY AGRICULTURAL

19 12 AREAS DELINEATION == AGRICULTURAL PRESERVATION MAPS.

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For the purpose of assisting local governments to preserve 19 14 agricultural lands, the department, in cooperation with other 19 15 state agencies and local governments, including county 19 16 farmland preservation commissions, shall prepare or cause to 19 17 be prepared, agricultural preservation maps that locate land 19 18 in the state which is qualified for preservation because of its value for agricultural use. The department shall provide 19 20 for the preparation of maps which delineate areas of the state 19 21 where the need for agricultural preservation is highest and 19 22 the threat of conversion of land to a use inconsistent with 19 23 agricultural use is the greatest. The agricultural 19 24 preservation maps shall be prepared utilizing the best 19 25 practicable method and shall be based upon data such as soil 19 26 surveys, aerial photography interpretation, existing 19 27 agricultural zoning and surveys, on-site surveys, and other 19 28 related studies.

Sec. 29. NEW SECTION. 467A.302 AGRICULTURAL LAND 19 30 PRESERVATION ORDINANCES AND AGRICULTURAL AREAS.

- 1. Land which is subject to an agricultural land 19 32 preservation ordinance pursuant to section 335.27 may be 19 33 subject to a farmland preservation agreement or an exclusive 19 34 agricultural use zoning ordinance. However, the provisions of 19 35 the agricultural land preservation ordinance which apply to 1 such land are void upon the execution of the farmland 2 preservation agreement or the adoption of the exclusive 3 agricultural zoning ordinance.
- 2. Land which is located in an agricultural area as 5 provided in chapter 352 may be subject to a farmland 6 preservation agreement or an exclusive agricultural use zoning 7 ordinance. However, the land shall be withdrawn from the 8 agricultural area upon the execution of the farmland 9 preservation agreement or the adoption of the exclusive 20 10 agricultural zoning ordinance.

### PART B

# AGRICULTURAL PRESERVATION PLANS

Sec. 30. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.311 PURPOSE.

- 20 14 1. The purpose of this subchapter is to specify standards 20 15 for county agricultural preservation plans required to enable 20 16 farmland owners to enter into farmland preservation agreements under subchapter IV.
- 2. Agricultural preservation planning shall be undertaken in accordance with county and city development strategies 20 20 including county zoning as provided in chapter 335 and city 20 21 zoning as provided in chapter 414. zoning as provided in chapter 414.

Sec. 31. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.312 BASIS FOR THE PLAN.

- A county agricultural preservation plan shall be based upon 20 24 county inventories as provided in section 467A.313 together 20 25 with surveys, studies, and analyses of agricultural uses and 20 26 productivity, natural resources and open space, population and 20 27 population densities, urban growth patterns, housing, and the 20 28 character, location, timing, needs, and capacity of existing 20 29 and future public uses.
- Sec. 32. 467A.313 COUNTY INVENTORIES. NEW SECTION. 1. Each farmland preservation commission shall compile a 20 32 county land use inventory of the unincorporated areas of the 20 33 county based on inventories compiled pursuant to section 20 34 352.4. The county inventories shall, where adequate data is 20 35 available, contain at least the following:
  - a. Land available and used for agricultural purposes by 2 soil suitability classifications or land capability

2.1 3 classification, whichever is available.

b. The lands used for public facilities, which may include 5 parks, recreation areas, schools, government buildings, and 6 historical sites.

- c. The lands used for private open spaces, which may include woodlands, wetlands, and water bodies.
- d. The land used for each of the following uses: 21 10 commercial, industrial, including mineral extraction, residential, and transportation.
- 21 12 e. The lands which have been converted from agricultural 21 13 use to residential use, commercial or industrial use, or 21 14 public facilities since 1982.
- 2. In addition to that provided under subsection 1, the 21 16 county inventory shall also contain the land inside the 21 17 boundaries of a city which is taxed as agricultural land.
- 21 18 The information required by subsection 1 shall be 21 19 provided both in narrative and map form. The county 21 20 commission shall provide a cartographic display which 21 21 contrasts the county's present land use with the land use in 21 22 the county in 1982 based on the best available information. 21 23 The display need only show the areas in agriculture, private 21 24 open spaces, public facilities, commercial, industrial, 21 25 residential, and transportation uses.
- 21 26 4. The department, department of management, department of 21 27 natural resources geological survey, state agricultural 21 28 extension service, and department of economic development 21 29 shall, upon request, provide to each county commission any 21 30 pertinent land use information available to assist in the 21 31 compiling of the county land use inventories.

Sec. 33. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.314 COUNTY FARMLAND

21 32 33 PRESERVATION PLAN. 21

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- 1. A county farmland preservation commission under the 21 35 direction of a county board of supervisors may prepare a 1 county agricultural preservation plan for approval by the county board of supervisors.
  - 2. The commission may rely upon the county land 4 preservation and use plan required under section 352.5, as a basis to preparing the county agricultural preservation plan. 6 The county's farmland preservation plan shall at least include the following:
- a. A statement of policy regarding the preservation of eligible farmland, urban growth, future public uses, and the 22 10 protection of significant natural resource, open space, 22 11 scenic, historic, or architectural areas.
- b. A map identifying farmland to be preserved, areas of 22 13 special environmental, natural resource, or open space 22 14 significance and any transition areas. A transition area must 22 15 have a predominantly agricultural use which the plan 22 16 identifies for future development. A farmland preservation 22 17 area mapped under this section must include a minimum of one 22 18 hundred acres. The department must provide the map to the 22 19 county at least twelve months prior to adoption of the 22 20 farmland preservation plan.
- 3. A map provided for under this section shall include 22 22 areas that include all of the following:
- a. A transition area that must include a minimum of 22 24 thirty=five acres.
- b. Areas adjacent to the identified agricultural area on 22 26 which are incompatible with agricultural use.
- c. Areas that are not economically viable for agricultural 22 28 use.
- d. Areas having substantial urban growth or planned urban 22 30 expansion that creates a public need to convert agricultural 22 31 land use to other uses.
- e. Areas in which maintenance of the area's agricultural 22 33 use is not consistent with the goals and objectives of the 22 34 county agricultural preservation plan.
  - Sec. 34. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.315 IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAM.
  - A county farmland preservation plan shall include an implementation program of specific public actions designed to preserve eligible farmland and agricultural uses and guide urban growth. Such implementation program shall include all of the following: 5
    - 1. A general description of existing and proposed land use controls.
- 2. A description of the character, location, timing, use, capacity, and financing of existing and proposed public uses 23 10 to serve existing and new development.
- 23 11 3. An identification of procedures and standards for 23 12 controlling the installation and maintenance of private sewage 23 13 disposal systems as defined in section 455B.171, and

23 14 identifying areas not suitable for the installation of such 23 15 systems.

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- 4. A program to protect areas of significant elements of 23 17 the state's natural open space heritage, including but not 23 18 limited to significant river, lake, wetland, prairie, forest 23 19 areas, other biologically significant areas, land containing 23 20 significant archaeological, historical, or cultural value, or 23 21 fish or wildlife habitats, as defined in rules adopted by the 23 22 department of natural resources.
  - Sec. 35. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.316 COORDINATION.
- 23 24 1. A county agricultural preservation plan shall include 23 25 an agricultural preservation plan adopted by a city within the 23 26 county if the city's plan complies with the provisions of this 23 27 subchapter.
- 2. Copies of the farmland preservation plan shall be 23 29 submitted for review and comment to each city within the 23 30 county, and each adjoining county.
  23 31 Sec. 36. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.33

467A.317 CERTIFICATION.

Upon completion of a county agricultural preservation plan 23 33 described in this subchapter, a copy of the plan shall be 23 34 submitted to the department for review and certification as 23 35 provided by rules adopted by the department.

Sec. 37. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.318 REVISIONS. A county shall continually review and evaluate its 3 agricultural preservation plan in order to account for 4 changing needs and conditions and shall provide for periodic 5 revision of the agricultural preservation plan. Revisions 6 shall be made in the same manner as adoption of the plan. SUBCHAPTER IV

### FARMLAND PRESERVATION AGREEMENTS PART A

### APPROVAL PROCESS

Sec. 38. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 467A.401 ELIGIBLE FARMLAND.

The farmland preservation agreement must apply to eligible farmland which includes a parcel of thirty=five or more acres of contiguous land devoted primarily to agricultural use, and 24 15 one of the following must apply:

- During the year preceding the filing of an application 1. 24 17 to be covered by a farmland preservation agreement pursuant to 24 18 section 467A.404, the eligible farmland produced gross farm 24 19 profits of at least six thousand dollars.
- During the three years preceding the filing of an 24 21 application to be covered by a farmland preservation 24 22 agreement, the eligible farmland produced gross farm profits 24 23 of not less than eighteen thousand dollars.
- The eligible farmland must include thirty=five or more 24 24 24 25 acres which, during part or all of the year preceding the 24 26 filing of an application to be covered by a farmland 24 27 preservation agreement, was enrolled in the conservation 24 28 reserve program under 16 U.S.C. } 3831 et seq. 24 29 Sec. 39. NEW SECTION. 467A.402 CERTIFIED EXCLUSIVE

24 29 Sec. 39. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.40 24 30 AGRICULTURAL USE ZONING ORDINANCE.

- A farmland preservation agreement applies to eligible 24 32 farmland subject to an agricultural preservation plan 24 33 certified as provided in subchapter III which is in effect in 24 34 the county where the eligible farmland is located or farmland 24 35 which is located in an area zoned for exclusive agricultural 1 use under an ordinance by a county or city certified as 2 provided in subchapter V which is in effect in a county or 3 city where the eligible farmland is located.
  - 1. In a county that has adopted a certified exclusive 5 agricultural use zoning ordinance, the eligible farmland may 6 be located in the area zoned for exclusive agricultural use which is not in a city. However, if the eligible land is located in a city, the following shall apply:

    a. In a county with a population density of less than one
- 25 10 hundred persons per square mile which has adopted a certified 25 11 exclusive agricultural use zoning ordinance, the county board 25 12 of supervisors shall approve or disapprove the application 25 13 even if the city in which the land is located has not approved 25 14 the ordinance.
- 25 15 b. In a county with a population density of one hundred or 25 16 more persons per square mile, which has adopted a certified 25 17 exclusive agricultural use zoning ordinance, the city in which 25 18 the land is located must have approved the ordinance.
- 2. In a city that has adopted a certified exclusive 25 19 25 20 agricultural use zoning ordinance, an owner of the land must 25 21 be located in the area zoned for exclusive agricultural use by 25 22 the city.
- 25 23 Sec. 40. NEW SECTION. 467A.403 LOCAL GOVERNMENTS HAVING 25 24 JURISDICTION.

The county board of supervisors shall be the local 25 26 government having jurisdiction to approve or disapprove an 25 27 application to be covered by a farmland preservation 25 28 agreement, except if the eligible farmland is located in a 25 29 city. In that case the local government having jurisdiction 25 30 is the city.

467A.404 Sec. 41. NEW SECTION.

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. 41. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.404 APPLICATION. An owner of eligible farmland applying to execute a 1. 25 33 farmland preservation agreement must file the application with 25 34 the county recorder on a form provided by the department. If an application received by the county recorder is not signed by all persons holding a recorded mortgage on the land to be covered by the farmland preservation agreement, the application is void and shall not be processed by the county The application shall include all of the following: recorder. a. A land survey or legal description of all farmland to

6 be covered by the farmland preservation agreement.

b. A map showing significant natural features and all structures and physical improvements on the land subject to the farmland preservation agreement or an aerial photograph of 26 10 all land which is an integral part of the owner's farming operation which is marked to indicate the farmland and

26 12 structures to be covered by the agreement.
26 13 c. The soil classification of the land covered by the
26 14 farmland preservation agreement and such other data as the 26 15 department deems reasonably necessary to determine the 26 16 eligibility of the land for coverage under the farmland 26 17 preservation agreement.

2. Upon receipt of the application, the county recorder 26 19 shall forward a notice of the application to the department 26 20 and the county board of supervisors in the county where the 26 21 land covered by the farmland preservation agreement is land covered by the farmland preservation agreement is 26 22 located. However, if the land is located in a city, the 26 23 county recorder shall also deliver a notice of the application 26 24 to the local government filing officer of the city where the 26 25 farmland is located. The department shall deliver the 26 26 application to any interested state agency.

26 27 3. If the local government having jurisdiction is a county 26 28 board of supervisors, the board shall provide notice and 26 29 conduct a public hearing in the same manner as provided in 26 30 section 335.6. If the local government having jurisdiction is 26 31 a city, the city shall provide notice and conduct a public 26 32 hearing in the same manner as provided in section 414.4. 26 33 However, notwithstanding those sections, all persons shall 26 34 have thirty days to review, comment, and make recommendations 26 35 to the local government having jurisdiction.

4. After considering the comments and recommendations of 2 the interested state agencies and local governments, the local 3 government having jurisdiction shall approve or disapprove the 4 application within one hundred twenty days after the 5 application is received by the local government filing officer for the local government having jurisdiction, unless such time is extended by mutual agreement of the applicant and the local 8 government having jurisdiction. The approval or disapproval 9 of the application shall be based on all of the following:

Whether the eligible farmland is designated an 27 10 27 11 agricultural preservation area in a certified agricultural 27 12 preservation plan established under this subchapter or is an 27 13 area zoned for exclusive agricultural use under an ordinance 27 14 certified as provided in subchapter V.

The productivity and viability of the land for h. 27 16 agricultural use.

- c. The predominance of agricultural use on the land.
- The inclusion of all contiguous lands which are in d. 27 19 single ownership.

Whether the property is eligible farmland.

- The degree to which the application is consistent with
- 27 22 the county agricultural preservation plan. 27 23 g. Whether the land is or has been subject to an 27 24 agricultural land preservation ordinance under section 335.27 27 25 or is or has been located in an agricultural area pursuant to 27 26 chapter 352.

h. Other criteria established by the local government 27 28 consistent with agricultural preservation.

5. The local government filing officer of the local 27 30 government having jurisdiction shall deliver a copy of the 27 31 application to execute a farmland preservation agreement as 27 32 approved or disapproved by the local governing body having 27 33 jurisdiction, along with the comments and recommendations of 27 34 the interested state agencies and the local governments which 27 35 have reviewed the application, to the department. If action

1 is not taken by the local government having jurisdiction 2 within the time prescribed or agreed upon, the applicant may 3 proceed as if the application were disapproved.

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The department shall review the application and may 5 disapprove an application to execute a farmland preservation agreement which has been approved by a local government having jurisdiction only if the land is not eligible farmland.

If the application concerns land which is or has been subject to an agricultural land preservation ordinance under 28 10 section 335.27 or is or has been located in an agricultural 28 11 area pursuant to chapter 352, the local government having jurisdiction and the department shall approve or disapprove 28 12 28 13 the application on an expedited basis.

- 28 14 8. If the application to execute a farmland preservation 28 15 agreement is disapproved by the local government having 28 16 jurisdiction or the department, the application shall be 28 17 returned to the applicant with a written statement providing 28 18 each reason for the disapproval, and explaining the 28 19 applicant's right to contest the decision pursuant to section 28 20 467A.205.
- 9. An applicant whose application has been disapproved 28 22 under this section may reapply to be covered by a farmland 28 23 preservation agreement following a one=year waiting period 28 24 from notice of final determination of the original application 28 25 by the local government having jurisdiction and the 28 26 department, or the department following a contested case 28 27 proceeding or a court on appeal. 28 28 Sec. 42. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 42. 467A.405 EXECUTION.

This section applies when an application to be covered by a 28 30 farmland preservation agreement is approved by the final 28 31 determination of the local government having jurisdiction and 28 32 the department, or the department following a contested case 28 33 proceeding or a court on appeal. The department shall prepare 34 and deliver to the applicant the farmland preservation 28 35 agreement for execution. The department shall execute the 1 farmland preservation agreement on behalf of the state. The 2 department shall record the farmland preservation agreement 3 with the county recorder in the county where the eligible 4 farmland covered by the agreement is located. The department 5 shall send a copy of the executed agreement to the local 6 government filing officer for the local government having 7 jurisdiction. The department shall also publish the executed 8 farmland preservation agreement on its internet site. PART B

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- Sec. 43. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 467A.411 FARMLAND PRESERVATION 29 12 AGREEMENTS == PERMITTED USES.
  - 1. Only the following uses are permitted on the eligible farmland covered by a farmland preservation agreement:
- a. A structure which is consistent with an agricultural 29 16 use, the county agricultural preservation plan, or pursuant to 29 17 approval by the local governing body having jurisdiction and 29 18 the department. However, the local governing body having 29 19 jurisdiction or the department may approve any structure 29 20 affecting less than five acres of land.
- b. A structure built on the land or an improvement made to 29 22 the land which is incidental to a scenic, access or utility 29 23 easement or license, a lease for oil and natural gas 29 24 exploration and extraction, or a structure or improvement made 29 25 as an incident to that easement, license, or lease, so long as 29 26 the structure or improvement does not significantly depart 29 27 from the agricultural use or the county agricultural 29 28 preservation plan, or the structure is built or improvement is 29 29 made pursuant to an approval by the local governing body 30 having jurisdiction and the department. However, the local 29 31 governing body having jurisdiction or the department may waive 29 32 its approval for a structure built or improvement made 33 affecting less than five acres of land.
  - c. Farming operations shall be conducted in compliance 35 with a soil and water resource conservation plan for the soil and water conservation district where the farmland is located as provided in section 161A.7, any agreement under which the owner is a party which provides for the conservation of soil 4 and water resources on the farmland or the installation of soil and water practices, including but not limited to a conservation agreement as provided in section 161A.42.
    - Any other condition and restriction on the land as agreed to by the parties that is deemed necessary to preserve the land for agricultural use if it is not in conflict with the county agricultural preservation plan.
      - The department shall not require the owner to permit

30 12 public access onto the land.

3. A farmland preservation agreement may provide for 30 14 transition areas if the farmland is located in an area 30 15 identified as a transition area under a certified county 30 16 agricultural preservation plan. A transition area is not 30 17 required to be zoned exclusively for agricultural purposes and 30 18 is not required to be designated an agricultural preservation 30 19 area in a certified agricultural preservation plan. The land 30 20 relating to a transition area may be subject to the farmland 30 21 preservation agreement for not less than five and not more 30 22 than twenty years, consistent with the county agricultural 30 23 preservation plan. 30 24

Sec. 44. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 467A.412 FARMLAND PRESERVATION 30 25 AGREEMENTS == CONTENTS.

The farmland preservation agreement shall include all terms 30 27 and conditions of the agreement including permitted uses as 30 28 provided in section 467A.411, the rights and obligations of 30 29 the parties, the owner's eligibility to claim a farmland 30 30 preservation tax credit as provided in chapter 467, the 30 31 duration of the agreement, and methods to provide for the 30 32 relinquishment or release of the agreement as provided in part 30 33 C. The agreement shall also provide a statement in boldface, 30 34 uppercase, and twelve or higher point type that contains the 30 35 following language:

UPON VIOLATION OF THIS AGREEMENT, YOU MAY BE NOTICE. 2 SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTIES AND UPON THE RELINQUISHMENT OF THIS 3 AGREEMENT INCLUDING BY CONVERSION OF A PERMITTED USE, YOU MAY 4 BE REQUIRED TO PAY BACK ALL OR A PART OF TAX CREDITS RECEIVED 5 TOGETHER WITH INTEREST.

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#### PART C

DURATION, RELINQUISHMENT, AND RELEASE NEW SECTION. Sec. 45. 467A.421 FARMLAND PRESERVATION 9 AGREEMENT == DURATION AND EFFECT.

- 31 10  $\,$  1. If an owner of farmland executes a farmland 31 11 preservation agreement, the owner shall deliver it to the 31 12 department for execution on behalf of the state. A farmland 31 13 preservation agreement shall become effective on the date it 31 14 is recorded with the county recorder in the county where the 31 15 farmland covered by the farmland preservation agreement is 31 16 located. The department shall within thirty days of receipt 31 17 record the executed agreement with the county recorder of the 31 18 county in which the farmland covered by the farmland 31 19 preservation agreement is located, notify the applicant, the 31 20 local governing body having jurisdiction, and all interested 31 21 agencies that the farmland preservation agreement has been 31 22 executed.
- 2. A farmland preservation agreement executed as provided 31 24 in section 467A.405 and recorded shall be effective for not 31 25 less than ten years nor more than twenty=five years.
- 3. An owner of farmland which is subject to a farmland 31 27 preservation agreement with a term of less than twenty=five 31 28 years may extend the term of the agreement to twenty=five 31 29 years with the approval of the local government having 31 30 jurisdiction and the department.

Sec. 46. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.422 CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP. Farmland covered by a farmland preservation agreement may 31 32 31 33 be sold, subject to the reservation of rights contained in the 31 34 agreement. The seller shall notify the local government 31 35 having jurisdiction and the department of any such transfer.

Sec. 47. NEW SECTION. 467A.423 EXPIRATION OR

2 TERMINATION. 3 1. A far

- 1. A farmland preservation agreement shall terminate on 4 the expiration of the term of the agreement.
- 5 2. When the owner of farmland covered by a farmland 6 preservation agreement dies or is certified by a physician to 7 be totally and permanently disabled, the owner's estate, a 8 successor in interest, or the owner who is totally and 9 permanently disabled may terminate the farmland preservation 32 10 agreement upon providing one hundred twenty days' notice to 32 11 the local government having jurisdiction and the department, 32 12 unless the time is extended by mutual agreement of the

32 13 applicant and the local governing body having jurisdiction. 32 14 Sec. 48. NEW SECTION. 467A.424 RELINQUISHMENT AND

32 15 RELEASE OF FARMLAND PRESERVATION AGREEMENTS.

- A local government having jurisdiction and the department 32 17 may relinquish a farmland preservation agreement or may 32 18 release part of the farmland covered by the farmland 32 19 preservation agreement prior to the termination date contained 32 20 in the agreement as follows: 32 21
- 1. The owner of the farmland must submit an application, 32 22 in a manner and according to procedures required by the

32 23 department, to the county recorder of the county where the 32 24 farmland is located requesting that the agreement be 32 25 relinquished or that part of the farmland be released from the 32 26 agreement. Upon receipt of the application, the county 32 27 recorder shall deliver a written notification to the local 32 28 government filing officer for a local government having jurisdiction, the department, and interested state agencies. 32 29 32 30 If the local government having jurisdiction is a county board 32 31 of supervisors, the board shall provide notice and conduct a 32 32 public hearing in the same manner as provided in section 32 33 335.6. If the local government having jurisdiction is a city, 32 34 the city shall provide notice and conduct a public hearing in 32 35 the same manner as provided in section 414.4. However, 33 notwithstanding those sections, all persons shall have thirty 33 2 days to review, comment, and make recommendations to the local 33 3 government having jurisdiction in the same manner as the 33 4 original application. 33

After considering the comments and recommendations of 6 any local government and interested state agency, and after holding a public hearing, the local government having jurisdiction shall approve or disapprove the application within one hundred twenty days after it is filed, unless the 33 10 time is extended by mutual agreement of the applicant and the 33 11 local governing body having jurisdiction.

3. a. As part of its review of an application for relinquishment or release, the local government having jurisdiction shall consider all of the following factors:

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The agricultural productivity of the land involved.

Whether the proposed use minimizes the amount of (2) agricultural land converted to nonagricultural uses.

(3) The economic costs and benefits of the proposed use to 33 19 the local economy compared to the costs and benefits of the 33 20 land for agricultural use.

(4) The costs of providing public facilities to the 33 22 proposed use, and the ability of affected local units of 33 23 government to provide them.

b. The local government having jurisdiction shall not 33 25 approve an application for relinquishment or release under this subsection unless it finds one or more of the following:

(1) Relinquishment or release will allow the owner to 33 28 resolve foreclosure or bankruptcy proceedings by a voluntary 33 29 settlement with a mortgagee or a creditor.

(2) Significant natural physical changes in the land have occurred that are generally irreversible and permanently affect the land.

(3) Surrounding conditions prohibit agricultural use.

(4)Relinquishment or release will allow the owner to 33 35 develop the land to assist local economic development or will allow a school board or city government to build structures or make improvements.

Relinquishment or release will allow the transfer of (5) the land for subsequent agriculturally related, utility, religious, or institutional use that is consistent with the 6 agricultural use and that is found to be necessary after considering alternative locations available for such use.

c. The local government having jurisdiction shall not approve an application for relinquishment or release, unless

it finds that all of the following conditions exist:
(1) Adequate public facilities to serve the proposed development or use exist or will be provided as part of the development.

(2) The land is suitable for the proposed development or

- (3) The proposed use will not cause air pollution, water pollution, including as provided in title XI of the Code, or 34 18 soil erosion exceeds applicable state or local standards, 34 19 including as provided in chapter 161A; adversely affect rare 34 20 or irreplaceable natural areas; or otherwise harm the environment.
  - (4)The use is consistent with remaining agricultural uses in the area.
  - The use is consistent with the county's certified agricultural preservation plan, if a plan is in effect.
    - The proposed use is not for residential development. (6) (7)The proposed use is consistent with local economic
- 34 28 development plans. 34 29 (8) No alternative location is available for the proposed 34 30 development or use that is suitable.
- 34 31 The local government filing officer of the local 34 32 governing body having jurisdiction shall deliver a copy of the 34 33 application for the relinquishment or release of the farmland

34 34 preservation agreement as approved or disapproved by the local 34 35 governing body having jurisdiction, along with the comments 35 1 and recommendations of the interested state agencies and the local governments which has reviewed the application, to the 3 department. If action is not taken by the local governing 4 body having jurisdiction within the time prescribed or agreed upon, the applicant may proceed as if the application were 6 disapproved.

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5. The department shall review the application and within 8 sixty days, upon consideration of the criteria considered by 35 9 the local government having jurisdiction, shall approve or 35 10 disapprove the relinquishment or release. The department 35 11 shall approve the relinquishment or release if it finds any of 35 12 the following:

a. The farmland covered by the farmland preservation 35 14 agreement has been acquired by the state or federal government 35 15 for building a structure or making a final structure of making a final structure for building a structure or making a public improvement,

b. The farmland that has been subject to a farmland 35 18 preservation agreement for at least ten years.

6. If the application for relinquishment or release is 35 20 disapproved by the local government having jurisdiction, the 35 21 application shall be returned to the applicant with a written 35 22 statement providing each reason for the disapproval. With 35 23 thirty days after receipt of an application which has been Within 35 24 approved or disapproved, the applicant or the local government 35 25 having jurisdiction may contest the decision to the department 35 26 as provided in section 467A.205. An applicant whose 35 27 application has been disapproved under this section may 35 28 reapply for a relinquishment or release following a one=year 35 29 waiting period from notice of the final determination of the 35 30 original application by the local government having 35 31 jurisdiction and the department, or the department following a 35 32 contested case proceeding or a court on appeal. 35 33 Sec. 49. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.425 CONVERSION

NEW SECTION. 467A.425 CONVERSION.

Any person subject to a farmland preservation agreement 35 35 under this subchapter may apply to the department if the 36 1 county in which the land is located adopts a certified 36 2 agricultural preservation plan or if the farmland becomes 3 subject to a certified exclusive agricultural use zoning ordinance. In such case, the farmland preservation agreement under this chapter may be relinquished one hundred twenty days 4 ordinance. 6 following the delivery of the application.

PART D PENALTIES

Sec. 50. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.431 PENALTIES FOR CHANGE OF 36 10 USE.

If the owner or a successor in title of the farmland 36 12 subject to a farmland preservation agreement, which has been 36 13 executed as provided in section 467A.405 and recorded, changes 36 14 the use of the land which is not authorized in the farmland 36 15 preservation agreement, and the change of use is not approved 36 16 as provided in part B, all of the following apply:

1. The owner may be required to credit all tax credits 36 18 received to the state.

2. The owner or successor in interest is subject to a 36 20 civil penalty in an amount not to exceed double the value of 36 21 the eligible farmland as established at the time the eligible 36 22 farmland preservation agreement was recorded. However, the 36 23 owner or a successor in title of the eligible farmland shall 36 24 have one year to become compliant before the civil penalty of 36 25 this subsection shall be applicable.

SUBCHAPTER V

### EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL ZONING

NEW SECTION. 467A.501 APPLICABILITY == COUNTY Sec. 51. 36 29 AND CITY ZONING REQUIREMENTS.

This subchapter applies to a county which has adopted a 36 31 zoning ordinance under chapter 335, and shall apply regardless of sections 331.304A and 335.2. This subchapter applies to a 36 33 city which has adopted a zoning ordinance pursuant to chapter 36 34 414.

Sec. 52. NEW SECTION. 467A.502 COUNTIES == ANIMAL FEEDING OPERATIONS.

This chapter does not authorize a county to restrict or regulate a condition or activity occurring on land used for the production, care, feeding, or housing of animals unless 5 the regulation of the production, care, feeding, or housing of 6 animals is expressly authorized by state law. An exclusive agricultural zoning ordinance adopted in violation of this 8 section is void and unenforceable and any enforcement activity 9 conducted in violation of this section is void. A condition

37 10 or activity occurring on land used for the production, care, 37 11 feeding, or housing of animals includes but is not limited to 37 12 the construction, operation, or management of an animal 37 13 feeding operation, an animal feeding operation structure, or 37 14 aerobic structure, and to the storage, handling, or 37 15 application of manure or egg washwater, all as provided in 37 16 chapters 459 and 459A.

Sec. 53. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.503 PROCEDURES.

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1. An exclusive agricultural zoning ordinance for the 37 19 county shall be consistent with a county agricultural 37 20 preservation plan as provided in subchapter III.

- 37 21 2. Notwithstanding section 335.4, the procedure 37 22 established in this subsection shall be the only procedure by 37 23 which a city in a county with a population density of one 37 24 hundred or more persons per square mile may reject the 37 25 application of a county exclusive agricultural use zoning 37 26 ordinance in that city. 37 27 a. A majority of ci
- a. A majority of cities in such county may reject the 37 28 adoption of a county exclusive agricultural use zoning 37 29 ordinance under this subchapter for all cities within the 37 30 county. A majority of the cities must file resolutions with 37 31 the county recorder or another officer designed by the county 37 32 board of supervisors. The cities must file the resolutions 37 33 which reject the adoption of a county exclusive agricultural 37 34 zoning ordinance within six months after the adoption of the 37 35 ordinance by the county's board of supervisors.
  - b. An amendment to an existing county zoning ordinance to bring the ordinance into compliance with this chapter, which 3 is adopted by the county board of supervisors, shall be 4 effective in any city which does not file a certified copy of 5 a resolution disapproving of the amendment in accordance with 6 section 335.7. In a city which disapproves of the amendment, the former agricultural zoning remains in effect.

Sec. 54. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.504 ORDINANCE STANDARDS.

- An exclusive agricultural zoning ordinance adopted 1. 38 10 under this subchapter shall be deemed an exclusive 38 11 agricultural use ordinance for the county. The county board 38 12 of supervisors shall adopt the zoning ordinance in the same 38 13 manner and according to the same procedures as provided in 38 14 chapter 335. A city shall adopt the zoning ordinance in the 38 15 same manner and according to the same procedures as provided 38 16 in chapter 414. The zoning ordinance may include all 38 17 jurisdictional, organizational, or enforcement provisions 38 18 applicable in those chapters.
- 2. The zoning ordinance shall provide for exclusive 38 20 agricultural use areas in the same manner as provided in 38 21 section 335.4.
- 3. An exclusive agricultural use area shall provide for 38 23 agricultural uses that are consistent with those allowed as 38 24 part of an agricultural preservation area under any 38 25 agricultural preservation plan certified as provided in 38 26 subchapter III. The ordinance's use restrictions must provide for all of the following:
  - a. A minimum lot size.
- The only residences, preexisting or not, allowed as b. 38 30 permitted or conditional uses have a use consistent with agricultural use and are occupied by any of the following:
- (1) The owner of the parcel.(2) A person, or a family at least one adult member of 38 34 which, earns the majority of the person's adjusted gross 38 35 income from conducting the farm operations on the parcel.
  - (3) A parent or child of an individual meeting the requirements of subparagraph (1) or (2).
  - c. A structure shall not be built and an improvement shall not be made on the land in an exclusive agricultural use area unless consistent with an agricultural use.
  - 4. a. The following allowable uses include special exceptions and conditional uses:
    - (1) A preexisting use.
- (2) Gas, communications, and electric utility uses are 39 10 special exceptions or permitted or conditional uses and are uses consistent with agricultural use.
- (3) Institutional or governmental uses that are consistent 39 13 with agricultural use or are found to be necessary in light of
- 39 14 alternative locations available for that use.
  39 15 b. The department shall be notified of the approval of any 39 16 special exceptions and conditional uses in areas zoned for 39 17
- exclusive agricultural use.
  5. For purposes of farm consolidation, a farm residence or 39 18 39 19 structure which existed prior to the adoption of the ordinance 39 20 may be separated from a larger farm parcel.

A farm family business may be permitted as a special 39 22 exception or conditional use if limited to existing farm 39 23 residences or structures or portions of the existing farmstead  $39\ 24$  that are not dedicated to agricultural uses, and if not more  $39\ 25$  than two persons who are not members of the resident farm 39 26 family are employed in the farm family business.

39 27 7. Nonmetallic mineral extraction, including clay and 39 28 gravel extraction, may be permitted as a special exception or 39 29 conditional use if a license has been obtained under section 39 30 208.7 and a reclamation plan exists for the restoration of the 39 31 nonmetallic mineral extraction site to agricultural use.

Sec. 55. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.505 CERTIFICATION.

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The department shall review an exclusive agricultural use 34 zoning ordinance which shall be submitted to the department 39 35 prior to it becoming effective. The department shall certify 40 1 to the local government having jurisdiction whether the ordinances meet the required standards of this subchapter. The department may issue a certification upon condition or in whole or in part.

Sec. 56. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 467A.506 ORDINANCE REVISIONS.

- 1. A local government may approve petitions for rezoning areas zoned for exclusive agricultural use only after findings are made based upon consideration of the following:
- Adequate public uses to accommodate development exist a. or will be provided within a reasonable time.
- b. Provision of public uses to accommodate development 40 12 will not place an unreasonable burden on the ability of 40 13 affected local government to provide them.
- c. The land proposed for rezoning is suitable for 40 15 development and development will not result in undue water or 40 16 air pollution, cause unreasonable soil erosion, or have an 40 17 unreasonably adverse effect on rare or irreplaceable natural 40 18 areas.
- 2. The department shall be notified of all rezonings under 40 20 this section.
- Sec. 57. NEW SECTION. 467A.507 PENALTIES FOR CHANGE OF 40 22 USE.
- A county may enforce this subchapter in the same manner 40 24 as chapter 335 and a city may enforce this subchapter in the 40 25 same manner as provided in chapter 414.
- 2. If the owner of land governed by an ordinance adopted under this subchapter changes the use of the land which is not 40 27 40 28 authorized by the ordinance, the owner may be required to 40 29 credit all tax credits received to the state.
- The owner is subject to a civil penalty in an amount 40 31 not to exceed double the value of the farmland as established 40 32 at the time the farmland became subject to the ordinance. 40 33 However, the owner shall have one year to become compliant 40 34 before the civil penalty of this subsection shall be 40 35 applicable.
  - Sec. 58. Sections 352.3, 352.4, and 352.5, Code 2007, are repealed.

### EXPLANATION

GENERAL. This bill provides a number of methods to encourage the preservation of farmland in this state, including the use of income tax credits which are based on restrictions placed on the use of land for agricultural purposes accomplished through private agreements with the state or through zoning restrictions imposed by counties or 41 10 cities.

CURRENT LAW == AGRICULTURAL AREAS. Current law provides 41 12 several ways in which agricultural land may be preserved for 41 13 agricultural uses. Code chapter 352 establishes county land 41 14 preservation and use commissions, provides for county 41 15 inventories of land, and requires counties to develop county 41 16 land preservation and use plans.

Code section 352.6 provides that an owner of farmland may 41 18 submit a proposal to a county board of supervisors in a county 41 19 where the farmland is located in order to create or expand an 41 20 agricultural area which includes at least 300 acres. 41 21 may only be used for an agricultural purpose with limited 41 22 exceptions including preexisting structures, utilities, and 41 23 noninterfering uses approved by the board of supervisors. 41 24 Code section 352.7 requires the board of supervisors to 25 conduct a public hearing regarding the proposal, Code section 41 26 352.8 provides that a description of an approved agricultural 41 27 area must be filed with the county recorder, and Code section 41 28 352.9 provides for the withdrawal from the agricultural area. 41 29 Code section 352.10 limits the authority of public agencies to 41 30 impose public benefit assessments or special assessments upon

41 31 land located in an agricultural area. Code section 352.11

41 32 provides special incentives to landowners who apply to include 41 33 their land within an agricultural area, including restrictions 41 34 upon persons bringing nuisance suits against farmers located 41 35 in agricultural areas, and priority for water use. Under Code 42 1 section 6B.3, in an eminent domain proceeding, an application to a court must include information regarding land to be condemned that is within an agricultural area.

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CURRENT LAW == COUNTY ZONING. Code chapter 335 authorizes 5 but does not require counties to adopt county zoning 6 ordinances. Code section 335.2 provides that a county cannot adopt a zoning ordinance that applies to agricultural land or 8 related structures, with narrow exceptions. One exception 9 provides that a county board of supervisors may adopt an 42 10 agricultural land preservation ordinance. Code section 335.27 42 11 authorizes a county board of supervisors to adopt such an 42 12 ordinance which subjects farmland to the same use restrictions 42 13 provided for agricultural areas.

CURRENT LAW == ANIMAL FEEDING OPERATIONS. Code section 42 15 331.304A prohibits a county from adopting or enforcing county 42 16 legislation regulating a condition or activity occurring on 42 17 land used for the production, care, feeding, or housing of 42 18 animals unless the regulation is expressly authorized by state 42 19 law.

42 20 BILL'S PROVISIONS == INCOME TAX CREDIT. The bill provides 42 21 an income tax credit to owners of farmland which is subject to 42 22 agricultural use restrictions as provided in the bill.

42 23 In order to claim a tax credit, a person must be an owner 42 24 (or vendee under a land sale contract) of farmland. 42 25 person may be an individual or partnership or hold the land as 42 26 a business association limited to a family farm corporation, 42 27 family farm limited liability company, family farm limited 42 28 partnership, or family trust in which shareholders or members 42 29 are actively engaged in farming (see Code chapter 9H). 42 30 bill requires that individuals claiming the tax credit be 42 31 domiciled in the state. 42 32

The tax credit applies to at least 35 or more acres of 42 33 farmland in this state owned by the claimant during the 42 34 taxable year for which the tax credit is claimed. 42 35 addition, the bill imposes threshold requirements upon the 1 amount of revenue produced from the farmland's agricultural 2 use or is enrolled in the federal conservation reserve 3 program.

The bill requires the claimant to provide the department of 5 revenue with any supporting documentation required to verify 6 and process the claim. The bill requires that the land be subject to a farmland preservation agreement or be located 8 within a district which is zoned for exclusive agricultural 9 use as provided in the bill.

The bill computes the income tax credit based upon property 43 11 taxes paid on the farmland (up to \$6,000). The amount is 43 12 based on "excessive property taxes" computed by subtracting 43 13 from property taxes accrued an escalating percentage of each 43 14 \$5,000 of household income earned. The tax credit is limited 43 15 to the base amount which is a percentage of each \$2,000 of 43 16 excessive property taxes computed with the maximum tax credit 43 17 available not to exceed \$4,200 for any claimant. A person may 43 18 claim a tax credit if the farmland is located in a county 43 19 which has adopted an agricultural preservation plan certified 43 20 and the farmland is covered by a farmland preservation 43 21 agreement. The person may also claim the tax credit, 43 22 regardless of whether farmland is located in a county which 43 23 has adopted an agricultural preservation plan, if the farmland 43 24 is located in an area zoned for exclusive agricultural use by 43 25 a county or city.

BILL'S PROVISIONS == FARMLAND PRESERVATION. 43 27 provides for a new Code chapter 467A, providing for the 43 28 preservation of land for agricultural use (a use associated 43 29 with agricultural production, including but not limited to 43 30 maintaining crops or agricultural animals on the farmland or 43 31 participating in a federal agricultural program) and to 43 32 prevent such land from development (changing the use to other 43 33 than an agricultural use).

This part of the bill's provisions are ADMINISTRATION. 43 35 administered by the department of agriculture and land stewardship (department) and local governments (counties or cities). All state agencies are required to cooperate with 3 the department and local governments. A state agency interested in participating in the farmland preservation initiative may register with the department

The bill establishes a farmland preservation council within the department in order to advise and to assist other state

8 agencies and local governments in complying with the bill's provisions of this chapter. 44 9

The bill provides for a farmland preservation commission in 44 10 44 11 each county. The provisions are based on current commissions 44 12 which are created in Code section 352.3, but which may not 44 13 currently be active.

44 14 The department is required to adopt rules to administer the 44 15 initiative and to provide contested case procedures for 44 16 persons including applicants for farmland preservation 44 17 agreements or a local government which seeks to challenge a 44 18 departmental decision.

The bill provides that a local government is prohibited 44 19 44 20 from imposing a special assessment on land and covered by a 44 21 farmland preservation agreement under this chapter, unless the 44 22 assessment was imposed prior to the recording of the farmland 44 23 preservation agreement or land which is exclusively zoned for 44 24 an agricultural use, unless the assessment was imposed prior 44 25 to the land being zoned exclusively for agricultural use. 44 26 bill provides that the prohibition does not apply to drainage 44 27 assessments. Alternatively, an owner is not entitled to any 44 28 benefit conferred by the special assessment, unless the owner 44 29 has paid the amount that would have been paid had the land 44 30 been subject to the special assessment.

AGRICULTURAL PLANNING. The bill requires the department in 44 32 cooperation with other state agencies and local governments to 44 33 prepare agricultural preservation maps that locate land in the 44 34 state which is qualified for preservation because of its value 44 35 for agricultural use.

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AGRICULTURAL PRESERVATION ORDINANCES AND AGRICULTURAL 2 AREAS. The bill provides that land that is subject to an agricultural land preservation ordinance (Code section 335.27) 4 may be subject to a farmland preservation agreement or an 5 exclusive agricultural use zoning ordinance. Similarly, land located in an agricultural area as provided in Code chapter 352 may be subject to a farmland preservation agreement or an 8 exclusive agricultural use zoning ordinance. The land must be 9 withdrawn from the agricultural area upon the execution of the 45 10 farmland preservation agreement or the adoption of the exclusive agricultural zoning ordinance.

AGRICULTURAL PRESERVATION PLANS. The bill provides for 45 13 county agricultural preservation planning in accordance with 45 14 county and city development strategies including zoning. 45 15 bill provides that a county's agricultural preservation plan 45 16 must be based on county inventories prepared by the county's 45 17 farmland preservation commission. Counties are required to 45 18 keep farmland inventories under Code section 352.4, and the 45 19 bill uses the same provisions when describing requirements for 45 20 county inventories (a description of the types of land within 45 21 the county). A county farmland preservation commission may 45 22 prepare a county agricultural preservation plan for approval 45 23 by the county board of supervisors.

The bill provides for a county agricultural preservation 45 25 plan which includes specific public actions designed to 45 26 preserve farmland and agricultural uses and guide urban 45 27 growth. The bill provides that a city may adopt an 45 28 agricultural preservation plan in the same manner as a county 45 29 and the city plan must be incorporated in the county plan. 45 30 The plan must be submitted to the department for review and certification.

FARMLAND PRESERVATION AGREEMENTS. The bill provides that 45 33 farmland preservation agreements must apply to eligible 34 farmland which includes a parcel of 35 or more acres of 45 35 contiguous land which is devoted primarily to agricultural use. In addition, the bill requires that the land must produce a certain threshold of gross farm profits or be 1 use. involved in a federal agricultural program (e.g., the 4 conservation reserve program). The agreement applies to eligible farmland subject to an agricultural preservation plan which is in effect in the county where the eligible farmland is located or farmland which is located in an area zoned for 8 exclusive agricultural use under an ordinance by a county or city as provided in the bill.

The county board of supervisors is the local government 46 10 46 11 having jurisdiction to approve or disapprove an application to 12 be covered by a farmland preservation agreement, except if the 46 13 eligible farmland is located in a city. In that case the 46 14 local government having jurisdiction is the city.

46 15 The bill provides procedures for an owner of eligible 46 16 farmland to apply to execute a farmland preservation 46 17 agreement. The application must be filed with the county 46 18 recorder in the county where the land is located. The

46 19 application must include a legal description of the land and 46 20 characteristics of the land including improvements and soil 46 21 conservation classifications. The county recorder must 46 22 forward the notice to the department, county board of 46 23 supervisors, and the filing officer of any city in which the 46 24 land is located. The local government having jurisdiction 46 25 must conduct a public hearing and invite comments from other 46 26 local governments and interested state agencies. The local 46 27 government having jurisdiction and the department must approve 46 28 the application. If approved, the department must prepare and 46 29 deliver to the applicant the farmland preservation agreement 46 30 for execution which is recorded with the county recorder. 46 31

The bill provides for permitted uses of eligible land 46 32 covered by a farmland preservation agreement, which must 46 33 relate to an agricultural use or another consistent use. 46 34 agreement must also provide for soil and water conservation 46 35 practices (see Code chapter 161A), and other conditions or 47 1 restrictions on the land as agreed to by the parties. The 2 agreement may also provide for transition areas if the 3 farmland is located in an area identified as a transition area 4 under the county's agricultural preservation plan. The 5 transition area is not required to be zoned exclusively for 6 agricultural purposes.

The bill provides for the duration, relinquishment, and Generally, it is 25 years. The 8 release of farmland preservation agreements. 9 effective for at least 10 but not more than 25 years. 47 10 eligible farmland may be sold, subject to the reservation of 47 11 rights contained in the agreement. The eligible farmland may 47 12 be withdrawn or relinquished earlier than the expiration date, 47 13 based on the incapacity of the owner, or approval by the local 47 14 government having jurisdiction and the department based on a 47 15 number of factors including proposed uses of the eligible 47 16 farmland and the financial condition of the owner. 47 17 eligible farmland may also be converted to land within a 47 18 county or city ordinance providing for the exclusive 47 19 agricultural use of the land as provided in the bill.

47 20 If the owner whose land is subject to a ranmand
47 21 preservation agreement changes the use of the land to one 47 22 which is not authorized in the bill, the owner may be required 47 23 to pay back all tax credits received. The owner may be 47 24 enjoined from changing the use by the local government having 47 25 jurisdiction or the department. In addition, the owner is 47 26 subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed double 47 27 the value of the eligible farmland as established at the time 47 28 the eligible farmland preservation agreement was recorded.

47 29 AGRICULTURAL ZONING. A county which has adopted a county 47 30 zoning ordinance under Code chapter 335 may adopt a special 47 31 agricultural zoning ordinance under the bill. Similarly, a 47 32 city may adopt such an ordinance. The bill provides that a 47 33 county cannot regulate a condition or activity occurring on 47 34 land used for the production, care, feeding, or housing of 47 35 animals (similar to Code section 331.304A).

The bill provides that an exclusive agricultural zoning 2 ordinance for the county shall be consistent with a county 3 agricultural preservation plan. The bill provides for 4 participation by cities within a county when determining 5 whether to approve or disapprove an ordinance. The bill 6 provides that an exclusive agricultural zoning ordinance shall 7 be deemed an exclusive agricultural use ordinance for the 8 local government which adopts the ordinance. The ordinance 9 must provide for agricultural uses that are consistent with 48 10 those allowed as part of an agricultural preservation area 48 11 under any agricultural preservation plan. The ordinance must 48 12 account for special uses, including preexisting uses, 48 13 utilities, institutional or governmental uses, and farm family 48 14 businesses. The department must review and certify an 48 15 exclusive agricultural use zoning ordinance. The bill 48 16 provides for revisions of the ordinances.

48 17 The bill provides for enforcement and penalties, including 48 18 in the same manner available to a county or city to enforce 48 19 zoning regulations. The department or the local government 48 20 may also enforce the ordinance in the same manner as they may 48 21 enforce a breach of a farmland preservation ordinance as 48 22 provided in the bill.

48 23 The bill eliminates a number of provisions in Code chapter 48 24 352 relating to county land preservation and use commissions, 48 25 county inventories, and county land preservation and use plans 48 26 which are provided for in the bill. 48 27 LSB 6026HH 82

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